## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

## FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Date of Report (Date of Earliest Event Reported) - April 21, 2009

# LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland (State or other jurisdiction of Incorporation) 1-11437 (Commission File Number) 52-1893632 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

6801 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, Maryland (Address of principal executive offices) 20817 (Zip Code)

(301) 897-6000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former name or address, if changed since last report)

0 Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

O Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

0 Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

0 Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

#### Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On April 21, 2009 Lockheed Martin Corporation announced its financial results for the quarter ended March 29, 2009. The press release is furnished as Exhibit 99 to this Form. Exhibit 99 shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933.

#### Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

 Exhibit No.
 Description

 99
 Lockheed Martin Corporation Press Release dated April 21, 2009 (earnings release for the quarter ended March 29, 2009).

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION

By <u>/s/ Martin T. Stanislav</u> Martin T. Stanislav Vice President and Controller

Exhibit	No.
99	

Description

Lockheed Martin Corporation Press Release dated April 21, 2009 (earnings release for the quarter ended March 29, 2009).



#### Information

For Immediate Release

#### LOCKHEED MARTIN ANNOUNCES FIRST QUARTER 2009 RESULTS

- First quarter net sales of \$10.4 billion
- First guarter earnings per share of \$1.68
- First guarter net earnings of \$666 million
- Generated \$1.2 billion in cash from operations for the quarter
- Increases outlook for 2009 earnings per share, cash from operations, and return on invested capital (ROIC)

BETHESDA, Md, April 21, 2009 – Lockheed Martin Corporation (NYSE: LMT) today reported first quarter 2009 net earnings of \$666 million (\$1.68 per diluted share), compared to \$730 million (\$1.75 per diluted share) in 2008. Net earnings in 2009 included higher pension expense as previously disclosed in our January 22, 2009 earnings release and in our 2008 Form 10-K. In 2009, the FAS/CAS pension adjustment was (\$114) million, which decreased net earnings by \$74 million (\$0.19 per share). In 2008, the FAS/CAS pension adjustment was \$32 million, which increased net earnings by \$21 million (\$0.05 per share).

Net sales for the first quarter of 2009 were \$10.4 billion, compared to \$10.0 billion in 2008. Cash from operations for the first quarter of 2009 was \$1.2 billion, compared to \$880 million in 2008.

"The Corporation is off to a solid start in the first quarter of 2009," said Bob Stevens, Chairman, President and CEO. "Our team of 146,000 dedicated employees continues to focus on enhancing shareholder and customer value by utilizing the depth and breadth of our capabilities as the world's premier global security company."

## Summary Reported Results and Outlook

The following table presents the Corporation's results for the periods referenced in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP):

nillions, except per share data) t sales erating profit egment operating profit nallocated corporate, net: FAS/CAS pension adjustment Stock compensation expense Unusual item Other, net	\$\$	2009 10,373 1,199	\$ 2008 9,983
erating profit egment operating profit nallocated corporate, net: FAS/CAS pension adjustment Stock compensation expense Unusual item	<b>\$</b> \$		\$ 9,983
egment operating profit nallocated corporate, net: FAS/CAS pension adjustment Stock compensation expense Unusual item	\$	1,199	
egment operating profit nallocated corporate, net: FAS/CAS pension adjustment Stock compensation expense Unusual item	\$	1,199	
FAS/CAS pension adjustment Stock compensation expense Unusual item			\$ 1,150
Stock compensation expense Unusual item			
Unusual item		(114)	32
		(30)	(35)
Other, net		—	16
		2	15
		1,057	1,178
erest expense		76	87
ner non-operating (expense) / income, net <sup>1</sup>		(3)	(7)
rnings before income taxes		978	1,084
ome taxes		312	354
t earnings	\$	666	\$ 730
uted earnings per share	\$	1.68	\$ 1.75
sh from operations <sup>2</sup>	\$	1,218	\$ 880

<sup>1</sup> Includes interest income and unrealized (losses) gains, net on marketable securities held to fund certain employee benefit obligations. <sup>2</sup> In the fourth quarter of 2008, the Corporation reclassified the effect of exchange rate changes on cash from "Cash from operations" to a separate caption in the Statement of Cash Flows. Accordingly, the prior period amount now reflects this presentation.

The following table and other sections of this press release contain forward-looking statements, which are based on the Corporation's current expectations. Actual results may differ materially from those projected. See the "Forward-Looking Statements" discussion contained in this press release.

2009 FINANCIAL OUTLOOK <sup>1</sup>	2009 Pro	jections
(In millions, except per share data and percentages)	January 2009	Current Update
Net sales	\$44,700 - \$45,700	\$44,700 - \$45,700
<u>Operating profit:</u>		
Segment operating profit	\$5,175 - \$5,275	\$5,175 - \$5,275
Unallocated corporate expense, net:		
FAS/CAS pension adjustment	(470)	(460)
Unusual items, net	``	
Stock compensation expense	(160)	(160)
Other, net	(80)	(80)
	4,465 - 4,565	4,475 – 4,575
Interest expense	(305)	(305)
Other non-operating (expense) / income, net	`_´	(5)
Earnings before income taxes	\$4,160 - \$4,260	\$4,165 - \$4,265
Diluted earnings per share	\$7.05 - \$7.25	\$7.15 - \$7.35
Cash from operations	≥ \$4,000	≥ \$4,100
ROIC <sup>2</sup>	≥ 18.0%	≥ 18.5%

<sup>2</sup> See discussion of non-GAAP performance measures at the end of this document

The \$0.10 increase in the Corporation's projected 2009 diluted earnings per share primarily results from lower average diluted shares outstanding as a result of share repurchases.

It is the Corporation's practice not to incorporate adjustments to its outlook for proposed acquisitions, divestitures, joint ventures, or other unusual activities until such transactions have been consummated.

## **Balanced Cash Deployment Strategy**

The Corporation continued to execute its balanced cash deployment strategy during 2009 by:

- · repurchasing 8.1 million shares at a cost of \$555 million;
- paying cash dividends totaling \$227 million;
- investing \$156 million for acquisition and investment activities; and
- making capital expenditures of \$132 million.

## Segment Results

The Corporation operates in four principal business segments: Electronic Systems; Information Systems & Global Services (IS&GS); Aeronautics; and Space Systems.

The following table presents the operating results of the four business segments and reconciles these amounts to the Corporation's consolidated financial results.

(In millions)	1 <sup>st</sup> Qı	uarter	
	2009		2008
Net sales			
Electronic Systems	\$ 2,913	\$	2,789
Information Systems & Global Services	2,761		2,504
Aeronautics	2,781		2,807
Space Systems	1,918		1,883
Total net sales	\$ 10,373	\$	9,983
Operating profit			
Electronic Systems	\$ 390	\$	366
Information Systems & Global Services	242		230
Aeronautics	355		323
Space Systems	 212		231
Segment operating profit	1,199		1,150
Unallocated corporate (expense) income, net	 (142)		28
Total operating profit	\$ 1,057	\$	1,178

In our discussion of comparative results, changes in net sales and operating profit generally are expressed in terms of volume and/or performance. Volume refers to increases (or decreases) in sales resulting from varying production activity levels, deliveries, or service levels on individual contracts. Volume changes typically include a corresponding change in operating profit based on the estimated profit rate at completion for a particular contract for design, development, and production activities. Performance generally refers to changes in contract profit booking rates. These changes to our contracts for products usually relate to profit recognition associated with revisions to total estimated costs at completion of the contracts that reflect improved (or deteriorated) operating or award fee performance on a particular contract profit booking rates on contracts for products are recognized by recording adjustments in the current period for the inception-to-date effect of the changes on current and prior periods. Recognition of the inception-to-date adjustment in the current or prior periods may affect the comparison of segment operating results.

## Electronic Systems

(\$ millions)	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter		
	2009		2008
Net sales	\$ 2,913	\$	2,789
Operating profit	\$ 390	\$	366
Operating margin	13.4%		13.1%

Net sales for Electronic Systems increased by 4% for the first quarter of 2009 compared to the first quarter of 2008. The increase mainly was due to higher volume on air defense, tactical missile and fire control programs at Missiles & Fire Control (M&FC) and in simulation and training activities at Platforms & Training (P&T). These increases partially were offset by declines in volume on integrated defense technology programs and surface naval warfare activities at Maritime Systems & Sensors (MS2).

Operating profit for Electronic Systems increased by 7% for the first quarter of 2009 compared to the first quarter of 2008. The increase primarily was attributable to higher volume and improved performance on fire control and air defense programs at M&FC and the benefit recognized in the first quarter of 2009 from favorably resolving a simulation and training contract matter at P&T. These increases partially were offset by declines in volume on integrated defense technology programs and surface naval warfare activities at MS2.

## Information Systems & Global Services

(\$ millions)	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter		
	2009		2008
Net sales	\$ 2,761	\$	2,504
Operating profit	\$ 242	\$	230
Operating margin	8.8%	I	9.2%

Effective January 1, 2009, IS&GS redefined its lines of business to better align the segment based on its core customers and business activities. The new lines of business are as follows:

- · Civil supports civil agency customer missions;
- · Defense supports defense customer missions; and
- · Intelligence supports intelligence customer missions.

The realignment had no impact on the segment's operating results. The prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the new lines of business.

Net sales for IS&GS increased by 10% for the first quarter of 2009 compared to the first quarter of 2008. The increase in sales primarily was attributable to higher volume on enterprise civilian services in Civil and on mission and combat systems activities in Defense.

Operating profit for IS&GS increased by 5% for the first quarter of 2009 compared to the first quarter of 2008. Operating profit increases in Defense partially were offset by declines in Civil. The increase in Defense mainly was due to volume and improved performance in mission and combat systems, as well as readiness and stability operations. The decrease in Civil primarily was attributable to the absence in 2009 of a benefit recognized in 2008 for a contract restructuring.

## **Aeronautics**

(\$ millions)		1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter			
	2009		200	)8	
Net sales	\$ 2,78	<b>1</b> \$		2,807	
Operating profit	\$ 3!	5\$	;	323	
Operating margin	12	8%		11.5%	

Net sales for Aeronautics decreased by 1% for the first quarter of 2009 compared to the first quarter of 2008. The decrease in sales resulted from declines in Combat Aircraft that partially were offset by increases in Air Mobility and Other Aeronautics Programs. The decrease in Combat Aircraft mainly was due to lower volume on F-22 and F-16 programs, which more than offset increased F-35 volume. The increase in Air Mobility mainly was due to higher volume on C-130 and C-5 programs. The increase in Other Aeronautics Programs principally was due to higher volume on advanced development programs.

Segment operating profit increased by 10% for the first quarter of 2009 compared to the first quarter of 2008. The growth in operating profit primarily was due to increases in Combat Aircraft and Other Aeronautics Programs. The increase in Combat Aircraft operating profit primarily was due to higher volume and improved performance on the F-35 program and improved performance on the F-22 program. These increases more than offset declines in operating profit on F-16 programs. The increase in Other Aeronautics Programs principally was due to higher volume and improved performance on sustainment activities.

## Space Systems

(\$ millions)		1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter		
	2009	•		2008
Net sales	\$	1,918	\$	1,883
Operating profit	\$	212	\$	231
Operating margin		11.1%		12.3%

Net sales for Space Systems increased by 2% for the first quarter of 2009 compared to the first quarter of 2008. During the quarter, sales growth in Satellites and Space Transportation partially were offset by declines in Strategic & Defensive Missile Systems (S&DMS). The sales growth in Satellites was due to higher volume in government satellite activities, which partially was offset by a decrease in commercial satellite activities. There were no deliveries in the first quarter of 2009 compared to one commercial satellite delivery in the first quarter of 2008. The increase in Space Transportation primarily was due to higher volume on the Orion program. S&DMS sales declined mainly due to lower volume on defensive missile programs.

Segment operating profit decreased by 8% for the first quarter of 2009 compared to the first quarter of 2008. During the quarter, a decline in operating profit at Space Transportation partially was offset by increases at Satellites and S&DMS. In Space Transportation, the decrease mainly was attributable to lower equity earnings on the United Launch Alliance joint venture and the absence in 2009 of a benefit recognized in 2008 from the successful negotiations of a terminated commercial launch vehicle contract. In Satellites, the increase mainly was due to higher volume and improved performance on government satellite activities. The increase in S&DMS primarily was attributable to improved performance on defensive missile programs.

## Unallocated Corporate Income (Expense), Net

(\$ millions)	1st Qu	arter
	2009	2008
FAS/CAS pension adjustment	\$ (114)	\$ 32
Stock compensation expense	(30)	(35)
Unusual item	_	16
Other, net	2	15
Unallocated corporate (expense) income, net	\$ (142)	\$ 28

Consistent with the manner in which the Corporation's business segment operating performance is evaluated by senior management, certain items are excluded from the business segment results and included in "Unallocated corporate (expense) income, net." See the Corporation's 2008 Form 10-K for a description of "Unallocated corporate income (expense), net," including the FAS/CAS pension adjustment.

The FAS/CAS pension adjustment (calculated as the difference between FAS 87 expense and the CAS cost amounts) resulted in an expense in 2009 compared to income in 2008 due to the negative actual return on plan assets in 2008 and a lower discount rate at December 31, 2008. This change is consistent with the Corporation's previously disclosed assumptions used to compute these amounts.

For purposes of segment reporting, unusual items are included in "Unallocated corporate income (expense), net":

## 2009 -

There were no unusual items in the first quarter of 2009.

## 2008 -

A gain, net of state income taxes, of \$16 million representing the recognition of a portion of the deferred net gain from the 2006 sale of the Corporation's ownership interest in Lockheed Khrunichev Energia International, Inc. (LKEI) and International Launch Services, Inc. (ILS). At the time of the sale, the Corporation deferred recognition of the gain pending the expiration of its responsibility to refund advances for future launch services. This item increased net earnings by \$10 million (\$0.02 per share) during the first quarter of 2008.

## Income Taxes

Our effective income tax rates for the first quarters of 2009 and 2008 were 31.9% and 32.7%. These rates were lower than the statutory rate of 35% for both periods due to tax benefits for U.S. manufacturing activities and dividends related to our employee stock ownership plans. The effective tax rate for the first quarter of 2009 is lower than the comparable period in 2008 primarily due to the extension of the research and development (R&D) credit as a result of the enactment of the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act (EESA) of 2008. The EESA was signed by the President on October 3, 2008, and retroactively extends the R&D credit for two years from January 1, 2008 to December 31, 2009. While the R&D credit extension was retroactive to January 1, 2008, we did not recognize the benefit until EESA became law in the fourth quarter of 2008.

Headquartered in Bethesda, Md., Lockheed Martin is a global security company that employs about 146,000 people worldwide and is principally engaged in the research, design, development, manufacture, integration and sustainment of advanced technology systems, products and services. The Corporation reported 2008 sales of \$42.7 billion.

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Jerry Kircher, 301/897-6584

NEWS MEDIA CONTACT: INVESTOR RELATIONS CONTACT:

Web site: www.lockheedmartin.com

*Conference call*: Lockheed Martin will webcast the earnings conference call (listen-only mode) at 11:00 a.m. E.D.T. on April 21, 2009. A live audio broadcast, including relevant charts, will be available on the Investor Relations page of the company's web site at: <u>http://www.lockheedmartin.com/investor</u>.

## FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements in this release that are "forward-looking statements" are based on Lockheed Martin's current expectations and assumptions. Forward-looking statements in this release include estimates of future sales, earnings and cash flow. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks and uncertainties. Actual results could differ materially due to factors such as: the availability of government funding for our products and services both domestically and internationally; changes in government and customer priorities and requirements (including changes to respond to the priorities of the new U.S. Administration and Congress, Department of Defense reviews, budgetary constraints, and cost-cutting initiatives); the impact of economic recovery and stimulus plans and continued military operations in Iraq and Afghanistan on funding for existing defense programs; the award or termination of contracts; actual returns (or losses) on pension plan assets, interest and discount rates and other changes that may impact pension plan assumptions; changes in counter-party credit risk exposure; difficulties in developing and producing operationally advanced technology systems; the timing and customer acceptance of product deliveries; materials availability and performance by key suppliers, subcontractors and customers; charges from any future impairment reviews that may result in the recognition of losses and a reduction in the book value of goodwill or other long-term assets; the future impact of legislation, rulemaking, and changes in accounting, tax, defense procurement, or export policies; the future impact of acquisitions or divestitures or teaming arrangements; the outcome of legal proceedings and other contingencies (including lawsuits, government investigations or audits, and environmental remediation efforts); the competitive environment for the Corporation's products and services; and economic, business and political conditions domestically and internationally.

These are only some of the factors that may affect the forward-looking statements contained in this press release. For further information regarding risks and uncertainties associated with Lockheed Martin's business, please refer to the Corporation's SEC filings, including the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," "Risk Factors," and "Legal Proceedings" sections of the Corporation's 2008 annual report on Form 10-K, which may be obtained at the Corporation's website: <u>http://www.lockheedmartin.com</u>

It is the Corporation's policy to only update or reconfirm its financial projections by issuing a press release. The Corporation generally plans to provide a forward-looking outlook as part of its quarterly earnings release but reserves the right to provide an outlook at different intervals or to revise its practice in future periods. All information in this release is as of April 20, 2009. Lockheed Martin undertakes no duty to update any forward-looking statement to reflect subsequent events, actual results or changes in the Corporation's expectations. We also disclaim any duty to comment upon or correct information that may be contained in reports published by investment analysts or others.

#### NON-GAAP PERFORMANCE MEASURES

The Corporation believes that reporting ROIC provides investors with greater visibility into how effectively Lockheed Martin uses the capital invested in its operations. The Corporation uses ROIC to evaluate multi-year investment decisions and as a long-term performance measure, and also uses ROIC as a factor in evaluating management performance for incentive compensation purposes. ROIC is not a measure of financial performance under generally accepted accounting principles, and may not be defined and calculated by other companies in the same manner. ROIC should not be considered in isolation or as an alternative to net earnings as an indicator of performance.

#### The Corporation calculates ROIC as follows:

Net earnings plus after-tax interest expense divided by average invested capital (stockholders' equity plus debt), after adjusting stockholders' equity by adding back adjustments related to postretirement benefit plans.

(In millions, except percentages)		2009 Pro	jections
		Current Update	January 2009
Net Earnings Interest Expense (multiplied by 65%) <sup>1</sup>	}	Combined	Combined
RETURN		≥ \$3,000	≥ \$3,000
Average debt <sup>2, 5</sup> Average equity <sup>3, 5</sup> Average Benefit Plan Adjustments <sup>4,5</sup>	}	Combined	Combined
AVERAGE INVESTED CAPITAL		≤ \$16,200	≤ \$16,650
RETURN ON INVESTED CAPITAL		≥ 18.5%	≥ 18.0%

1 Represents after-tax interest expense utilizing the federal statutory rate of 35%.

2 Debt consists of long-term debt, including current maturities, and short-term borrowings (if any).

- Equity includes non-cash adjustments, primarily for unrecognized benefit plan actuarial losses and prior service costs, the adjustment for the adoption of FAS 158 in 2006 and the additional minimum pension liability in years prior to 2007.
- 4 Average Benefit Plan Adjustments reflect the cumulative value of entries identified in our Statement of Stockholders' Equity discussed in Note 3.

5 Yearly averages are calculated using balances at the start of the year and at the end of each quarter.

#### LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION Condensed Consolidated Statement of Earnings Unaudited (In millions, except per share data and percentages)

(in millions, except per share data and percentages)		QUARTER	QUARTER ENDED			
	March	29, 2009 <sup>(a)</sup>	March	30, 2008 <sup>(a)</sup>		
Net sales	\$	10,373	\$	9,983		
Cost of sales		9,368		8,914		
		1,005		1,069		
Other income (expense), net		52		109		
Operating profit		1,057		1,178		
Interest expense		76		87		
Other non-operating expense, net		(3)		(7)		
Earnings before income taxes		978		1,084		
Income tax expense		312		354		
Net earnings	\$	666	\$	730		
Effective tax rate		<b>31.9</b> %		32.7%		
Earnings per common share:						
Basic	\$	1.69	\$	1.80		
Diluted	\$	1.68	\$	1.75		
Average number of shares outstanding:						
Basic		393.4		406.6		
Diluted		397.5		416.8		
Common shares reported in stockholders' equity at quarter end:		386.2		399.7		

(a) It is our practice to close our books and records on the Sunday prior to the end of the calendar quarter. The interim financial statements and tables of financial information included herein are labeled based on that convention.

## LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION Net Sales, Segment Operating Profit and Margins Unaudited (In millions, except percentages)

	QUARTER EI	NDED
Neterlar	March 29, 2009 March 30, 2	008 % Change
Net sales:		
Electronic Systems		789 4%
Information Systems & Global Services	<b>2,761</b> 2,	504 10%
Aeronautics	<b>2,781</b> 2,	807 (1%)
Space Systems	<b>1,918</b> 1,	883 2%
Total net sales	<b>\$ 10,373 \$ 9</b> ,	983 4%
Operating profit:		
Electronic Systems	<b>\$    390</b> \$	366 7%
Information Systems & Global Services	242	230 5%
Aeronautics	355	323 10%
Space Systems	212	231 (8%)
Segment operating profit	<b>1,199</b> 1,	150 4%
Unallocated corporate (expense) income, net	(142)	28
	<b>\$ 1,057</b> <u>\$ 1,</u>	178 (10%)
<u>Margins:</u>		
Electronic Systems	13.4%	13.1%
Information Systems & Global Services	8.8	9.2
Aeronautics		11.5
Space Systems		12.3
Total operating segments		11.5
Total consolidated	10.2%	11.8%

## LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION Selected Financial Data Unaudited (In millions, except per share data)

			QUARTER ENDED				
			March 2	9, 2009	March 30, 2008		
<u>Unallocated corporate (expense) income, net</u>							
FAS/CAS pension adjustment			\$	(114)	\$	32	
Stock compensation expense				(30)		(35)	
Unusual item				—		16	
Other, net				2		15	
Unallocated corporate (expense) income, net			\$	(142)	\$	28	
				OUARTER			
			March 2	<b>v</b>	March 3	0, 2008	
FAS/CAS pension adjustment							
FAS 87 expense			\$	(259)	\$	(116)	
Less: CAS costs				(145)		(148)	
FAS/CAS pension adjustment - (expense) / income			\$	(114)	\$	32	
						_	
		QUARTER ENDED MARCH 30, 2008 <sup>1</sup>					
	Onerating	nrafit	it Not corningo			Earnings	
	Operating	pront	rofit Net earnings		per share		
<u>Unusual Item - 2008</u>							
Partial recognition of the deferred gain from the 2006 sale of LKEI and ILS	\$	16	\$	10	\$	0.02	
<sup>1</sup> There were no unusual items reported in Unallocated Corporate Expense in 2009.							

## LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION Selected Financial Data Unaudited (In millions)

		QUARTER ENDED				
	March 2	9, 2009	March 30, 2008			
Depreciation and amortization of plant and equipment						
Electronic Systems	\$	58	\$ 54			
Information Systems & Global Services		14	16			
Aeronautics		47	42			
Space Systems		43	36			
Segments		162	148			
Unallocated corporate expense, net		13	12			
Total depreciation and amortization	\$	175	\$ 160			
	Manak	QUARTER ENDED				
	March 2	March 29, 2009 March 30, 2				
Amortization of purchased intangibles	<b>^</b>	•	ф г			
Electronic Systems	\$		\$ 5			
Information Systems & Global Services		11	13			
Aeronautics		12	13			
Space Systems		2	2			
Segments		27	33			
Unallocated corporate expense, net		_	3			
Total amortization of purchased intangibles	\$	27	\$ 36			

## LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet Unaudited (In millions, except percentages)

(	MARCH 2 2009	9, DE	DECEMBER 31, 2008		
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and cash equivalents		<b>384</b> \$	2,168		
Receivables		097	5,296		
Inventories	1,	921	1,902		
Deferred income taxes		726	755		
Other current assets		<u>543</u>	562		
Total current assets	11,	671	10,683		
Property, plant and equipment, net		443	4,488		
Goodwill	9	684	9,526		
Purchased intangibles, net		351	355		
Prepaid pension asset		126	122		
Deferred income taxes		644	4,651		
Other assets	3	614	3,614		
Total assets	\$ 34	533 \$	33,439		
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity					
Accounts payable	\$ 2	<b>165</b> \$	2,030		
Customer advances and amounts in excess of costs incurred	4.	902	4,535		
Other current liabilities	4.	056	3,735		
Current maturities of long-term debt		242	242		
Total current liabilities	11,	365	10,542		
Long-term debt, net	3	563	3,563		
Accrued pension liabilities		267	12,004		
Other postretirement benefit and other noncurrent liabilities		519	4,465		
Stockholders' equity		819	2,865		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity		533 \$	33,439		
Total debt-to-capitalization ratio:		57%			

#### LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Unaudited (In millions)

(In millions)	QUARTER ENDED			
	March 29, 2009		March 30, 2008	
Operating Activities				
Net earnings	\$	666	\$	730
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization of plant and equipment		175		160
Amortization of purchased intangibles		27		36
Stock-based compensation		30		35
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Receivables		(779)		(483)
Inventories		33		99
Accounts payable		120		(257)
Customer advances and amounts in excess of costs incurred		326		4
Other		620		556
Net cash provided by operating activities (a)		1,218		880
Investing Activities				
Expenditures for property, plant and equipment		(132)		(104)
Net proceeds from short-term investment transactions		(102)		185
Acquisitions of businesses / investments in affiliates		(156)		(11)
Other		(100)		1
Net cash (used for) provided by investing activities		(292)	_	71
Financing Activities		10		0.4
Issuances of common stock		16		64
Repurchases of common stock		(499)		(1,185)
Common stock dividends		(227)		(172)
Issuance of long-term debt and related costs				491
Net cash used for financing activities		<u>(710</u> )		(802)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents (a)		—		2
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		216		151
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		2,168		2,648
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	2,384	\$	2,799

(a) In the fourth quarter of 2008, the Corporation reclassified the effect of exchange rate changes on cash from "Cash from operations" to a separate caption in the Statement of Cash Flows. Accordingly, the prior period amount now reflects this presentation.

## LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity

Unaudited (In millions)

	 mmon tock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	 cumulated Other prehensive Loss	Total ckholders' Equity
Balance at January 1, 2009	\$ 393	\$ -	\$ 11,621	\$ (9,149)	\$ 2,865
Net earnings			666		666
Common stock dividends (a)			(227)		(227)
Stock-based awards and ESOP activity	1	70			71
Repurchases of common stock (b)	(8)	(70)	(477)		(555)
Other comprehensive loss	 	 	 	 (1)	 (1)
Balance at March 29, 2009	\$ 386	\$ -	\$ 11,583	\$ (9,150)	\$ 2,819

(a) (b)

Includes dividends (\$0.57 per share) declared and paid in the first quarter. The Corporation repurchased 8.1 million shares of its common stock for \$555 million during the first quarter. The Corporation has 25.6 million shares remaining under its share repurchase program as of March 29, 2009.

## LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION Operating Data Unaudited (In millions)

	MARCH 29, 2009		CEMBER 31, 2008		
Backlog					
Electronic Systems	\$ 23,000	\$	22,500		
Information Systems & Global Services	12,900	)	13,300		
Aeronautics	27,100	)	27,200		
Space Systems	17,800	)	17,900		
Total	\$ 80,800	\$	80,900		
	QUART	QUARTER ENDED			
Aircraft Deliveries	March 29, 2009	March	30, 2008		
F-16	3		9		
F-22	5		4		
C-130J	3	;	3		